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**H.E. Mr. António Guterres
United Nations Secretary-General**

**Mrs Ghada Fathi Waly
Director-General of the United Nations Office at Vienna
Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
Vienna International Centre
Wagramer Strasse 5
1400 Vienna**

Our reference: **2024/UN/01**

Re: **21 December 2023 Poisoning incident at the UN Office in Vienna (pages 1-18)**

Dear Mr Guterres,
Dear Mrs Waly,
Dear Sirs,

On 21 December 2023, between 13:25 and 15:20, I was a regular visitor to the UN Office at Vienna International Centre, Wargamer Strasse 5, 1400 Vienna.

There are armed guards at the entrance to the building. Visitors are screened like at an airport. The building's guards are UN personnel.

I hoped this place would be safe. But I was wrong, I was attacked by a poisonous substance here.

I informed the building's head of security of the incident. He expressed concern and surprise at how the perpetrators were able to enter the building.

The following information will help to understand the nature of the incident and why neither security nor the authority of the UN is a barrier to criminals.

The background

1. I am the co-founder and Chairman of Brussels-based non-profit organisation “Justice for all in Europe” ASBL. My main achievements in the field of anti-corruption activities have been the revealing and documenting of Schengen visas traffic.

I led a civil investigation into this type of illegal activity in Belarus in 2012-2015. Our team gathered information and evidence on 250 million euros received by European consuls in the form of illegal additional payments when applying for Schengen visas. We also collected the personal data of about 2,000 witnesses willing to testify in this case.

The European Commission, which is responsible for implementing the European Code on Visas (more specifically - Regulation (EC) No 810/2009), has officially confirmed the findings of our civil investigation. However, all attempts to launch an official investigation were blocked, both at the level of EU authorities such as the European Commission, Europol (to which the case was referred by the French judicial police) and OLAF, and at the level of national authorities in Belgium and Poland. In this way, the EU authorities covered up this type of corruption.

The European Commission has also turned a blind eye to the obvious laundering of the proceeds of the Schengen visa traffic.

Evidence based on the conflict-of-interest principle confirms that the European Commission bribed Brussels lawyers to keep the Schengen visa trafficking case out of the European Court of Justice in Luxembourg.

In addition, the European Commission provided false information on the Schengen visa traffic at the request of the European Parliament in order to block a likely parliamentary response on the issue.

In 2015, I informed the European Commission of signals from countries in Africa where this type of illegal activity was also flourishing. At the end of September 2023, the German Chancellor publicly accused Polish consuls of Schengen visa trafficking, which contributed to an increase in unwanted migration to Germany (video of the statement is available online. This statement confirmed signals from as far back as 2015). Thus, since 2011, when this type of illegal activity by European consuls was first detected by police in Denmark, France, Spain and Germany, Schengen visa trafficking has flourished until today.

Schengen visa traffic is covered by the highest EU authorities. Mr Donald Tusk, President of the European Council in 2014-2019, is considered the “Godfather” of the visa mafia (the Polish Ministry of Foreign Affairs under Donald Tusk as Polish Prime Minister developed and implemented the main schemes for the functioning of the illegal visa business). Mr Charles Michel, as Prime Minister of Belgium, took measures to prevent the Belgian police from referring the case to Europol.

Mr Michel's contribution to the Schengen visa fraud cover-up was recognised by the EU authorities with his appointment as the next President of the European Council.

Each of the above claims has its own history and confirmation.

2. Another important case was the revealing of a major fraud in the European Parliament, where hundreds of its Members had been receiving additional remuneration for fictitious activities over a long period of time. This is what the fraud was about:

MEPs did not attend committee meetings in Brussels, but someone signed the attendance register instead. On the basis of this false confirmation, MEPs were paid an extra €306 per meeting (this figure is now slightly higher). To increase their income, MEPs became members of several delegations and committees at the same time, up to 10-15. The champion MEP was a member of 17 committees and delegations. This fraud allowed MEPs to double their income. Hundreds of MEPs were actively involved in this fraud, over €100 million was stolen from the EU budget in 2014-2019.

In 2019, many of the fraud suspects were re-elected to the European Parliament, including 40 suspects from Germany, 25 from Italy, 20 from Spain and so on. There are no effective controls in the European Parliament to prevent such activities. I personally witnessed this fraud during the examination of my petition No. 0789/2015 on the Schengen visa traffic (I was also victimised, because my petition was not examined according to the European Parliament's procedure due to the lack of a quorum. Instead, MEPs used the petition procedure for illegal personal enrichment). Again, both the EU authorities and the national authorities of Belgium, Sweden and Germany illegally blocked the investigation I was trying to initiate.

Some information about affected cases of corruption is available on our websites at www.justiceforall.eu and www.visafraud.eu.

3. I would like to mention that I have had to face strong opposition to my organisation's activities from the European authorities. For example, in order to block my organisation from participating in legal proceedings, the Belgian executive authorities illegally entered false information into the Register of companies about the alleged change of our official address. This has resulted in my organisation's full legal capacity being suspended, despite the legally completed registration procedure.

In addition, my co-founding colleagues were, I believe, bribed. They suddenly started to sabotage the activities of our organisation and also suddenly became property owners in Belgium. I myself have received repeated offer that is in fact an attempt to bribe me. I have rejected all such offers.

4. The Dawn Sturgess case

In the course of my anti-corruption work, I have obtained evidence and information relating to the Dawn Sturgess case, which is currently being investigated by the United Kingdom Police. This evidence leads to a new version of how Dawn Sturgess died. Let me outline this version:

A certain UK government service simulated the activities of a foreign intelligence agency on British territory. In doing so, the UK service chose as their victim an out-of-work drug addicted British resident, Ms Dawn Sturgess, and killed her with poison. This was done in Britain's geopolitical interests.

According to human morality, sacrificing its own national, who was regarded as a "piece of the dregs of society", for the political intrigues of the state is a disgusting immoral act by the British Government.

5. On 03 July 2023, I contacted the UK authorities to pass on to them the evidence and information I had in my possession regarding the Dawn Sturgess case.

On 05 July 2023 there was a big scandal in Brussels in which I was accused of sexual harassment. This accusation is false.

From that moment on, I was the subject of a widespread campaign of persecution, which I believe was organised by some British secret service to prevent me from giving evidence to the official investigation. Elements of this campaign included threats, poisoning with non-lethal doses of poison, provoking fights, provoking situations in which I could be accused of real sexual offence. British secret agents left their mark in these actions.

Against this backdrop, all three participants in the official Dawn Sturgess investigation have surprisingly, and on the basis of the silliest of arguments, refused to accept my evidence and information. These are the participants in the investigation:

- the Metropolitan Police Service,
- Thames Valley Police,
- the Independent Inquiry into the Dawn Sturgess' death.

At the same time, the Metropolitan Police Service classified the files I had sent to them by DHL courier. In defiance of this decision by the Police, I demanded that all the files in the case be made public.

6. On 20 October 2023, I submitted an online Request to the Mayor's Office for Policing and Crime in London (MOPAC) for a review of the case following the police's refusal to accept my evidence. On the same day, MOPAC acknowledged receipt of my Request. According to MOPAC, the review could take up to 8 months.

On 23 October 2023, in Brussels, I was confronted with an incredible action, something I had never experienced before. Since that date, every day and every night,

without interruption, I have been attacked with a small dose of poison. These attacks are carried out using a method that makes it impossible to escape the effects of the poison, namely by the criminals spraying poisonous gas through the ventilation system. Illustrative diagrams and photographs available on the Internet show that the ventilation system is a fairly complex structure into which criminals can easily fit equipment and a tank of poisonous gas.

In Brussels, in more than 20 places I usually visit (including shops, cafes, libraries, government offices and others), criminals have installed equipment and tanks of poison gas in the ventilation system. As soon as I appeared in such places, after 2-5 minutes they would start a poison gas attack, despite the presence of random people in the attack zone.

When I visited a new cafe or shop I had never been to before, the poison gas attack started after 15-25 minutes. Apparently, this is how long it takes for criminals to install their devices in the ventilation system.

In one such place, in the Muntpunt library in Brussels (Pl. de la Monnaie 6, 1000 Brussels) at least 5 people on different days confirmed the presence of a strange gas smell. One of them was a library employee who was sent to the area of the poison gas attack by the library administration at my request.

On 04 November 2023, I called the police to this library. The police officer, Mr P. Kahler, also confirmed the presence of the gas smell. However, the police officer stated that it must be a smell after the disinfection of the ventilation. The police refused my request to interview other witnesses who were there about the smell of gas. The police also refused to check the ventilation system of the building. The Police stated there was nothing to worry about and left.

Since the beginning of July 2023, I contacted the Brussels police at least 10 times about attacks against me, including poisonings. I also contacted the Minister of the Interior and other institutions of the Belgian executive. It made no difference, the poison attacks continued non-stop. I am sure that the Belgian authorities took a political decision not to hinder the activities of the criminals who attacked me. The Belgian police told me that if I called the police again about the poison gas attack, they would open a case against me for making a false report.

7. Then on 10 November 2023 I moved to Budapest. The Hungarian authorities have recently voiced scepticism about many of the decisions of the EU authorities, so I hoped that the Budapest authorities would not allow criminals to operate in that city. However, I was not able to avoid the attacks. On the very day I arrived in Budapest, I was poisoned, first in a cafe, then in a hotel. And so it continued every day and every night. My appeals to the local police and the Hungarian political authorities did not change the situation.

8. Then, on 04 December 2023, I moved to Vienna. Gas poisoning is actually a repeat of what the Nazis did when people were killed with poison gas. Let me remind You that Adolf Hitler was an Austrian. Given the country's Nazi past, any re-enactment of Nazi activity is prohibited in Austria under the local "Verbotsgesetz 1947" Act.

Unfortunately, I was wrong again. On the day I arrived, the criminals attacked me with poison gas, first in the McDonald's at the railway station and then in the hotel. And it goes on like this every day.

I have already called the Austrian police to the scene of the poisoning 8 times, and 7 times I went to the police myself with complaints about poisoning. Because of the inaction of the police, I filed 6 poisoning complaints with the Vienna Public Prosecutor's Office and one with the Graz Public Prosecutor's Office. My complaints did not change the situation, the Nazis feel at home in Austria again.

9. The harmful effects of the poisonous gas

The poisonous gas used by the criminals affects the lungs, the heart, the immune system and causes attention and memory problems. I have already experienced several health crises, but I will not go into detail here so as not to help the criminals in assessing the success of their attacks.

10. In Vienna I visited one of the largest hospitals (Allgemeines Krankenhaus der Stadt Wien, Währinger Gürtel 18-20, 1090 Wien). The doctor told me that neither this nor any other hospital in Vienna could detect the presence of poison in a patient's body, even by blood test. This would require a special police test. Earlier, a doctor in Brussels had told me the same thing.

So, when someone is poisoned, doctors notice a decline in health, but doctors say there could be dozens of reasons for this, including illnesses that people are normally susceptible to.

That's where the criminals succeed. Poisoning is masked by the symptoms of common illnesses. The victim's access to a special police test, called a forensic test, is restricted. The restriction is imposed by the police, who carry out the orders of higher authorities, while the same authorities provide the criminals with every possible assistance. The result is a vicious circle in which criminals are free to commit crimes.

11. Dialogues with the police

Each time I called the Austrian police to the scene of the poisoning, I asked them to use special equipment to check the hotel room for the presence of poison, to check the ventilation of the building, and to perform forensic test on me to detect the presence of poison in my body.

Each time the police refused (except in one case, which I will discuss below). Here is a summary of what the police told me:

- You're standing, you're talking, you look normal. When you get to the hospital or when there is a dead body, then only a forensic test will be done. The poison in the room is not visible (meaning not visible to the eyes of the police officers), so there will be no equipment monitoring, nor will ventilation be checked.

The police officers state that they will make a report on the call and leave.

Such police behaviour may be justified once. However, if there are repeated calls to the police, the police have a duty to consider the wider circumstances of the situation and take appropriate action.

12. Air analyser showing the values “1” and “2”

On 21 December 2023, a poison gas attack occurred at the UN Office in Vienna. I visited the Office as a sightseer, hoping to find a safe place there, at least for a while. However, the poison gas attack through the ventilation system started back at the visitor control area. Then I went to the souvenir stands, and the criminals moved their attack here.

It should be clarified that, for example, libraries, supermarkets, railway stations, the UN building are large areas. Criminals can control the gas attack, they direct the gas to the floor and zone where the victim is.

Apart from me, UN employees who were controlling visitors and those in the souvenir stands area were also in the poison gas attack zone. In addition, other visitors passed through the poisoned area. In total, more than 50 people were affected, even if only slightly.

On 22 December 2023 I sent letters of protest to the Austrian authorities regarding the poison gas attack at the UN building. Following this protest of mine, the Austrian authorities staged a show to gain grounds to defend themselves against accusations of aiding and abetting the Nazis who carried out the poison gas attack at the UN building in Vienna on 21 December 2023. Here's what happened:

13. On the morning of 26 December 2023, I called the police at “7brunnen Hostel & Guest House” (69 Siebenbrunnengasse, 1050 Wien) due to gas poisoning from the ventilation system. Several police officers arrived at the call, followed by the fire brigade. The fire brigade measured the air condition near the ventilation with their device / instrument. The device display showed “0”. The fireman presented the results to the police officers and to me, stating that the air was clean. Then they left.

A similar situation occurred on 02 December 2023 in Budapest, where I called the police to a hotel because poisonous gas had entered the room through the ventilation. Along with the police, the fire brigade arrived and they also did not detect any poison in the air with their equipment. The fire brigade chief explained to me that their equipment can detect 10 types of gas. Apparently, the poison used by the criminals was not among the gases the fire brigade could detect.

Returning to the events in Vienna, here's what happened next:

After the firemen, two gas technicians came to the hotel. They measured the air near the ventilation in different places using a device. The technician stated that the device was very sensitive and could detect the presence of any foreign, unusual elements in the air. I was constantly by their side, watching their actions closely.

In one place near the ventilation the technician's device showed "1", in another place device showed "2". When the technicians found the spot where the "0" appeared on the device's display, they showed the device to the police and said that the air in the hotel was clean.

I immediately asked the technicians:

- What do readings "1" and "2" mean that have appeared elsewhere on the display?

One of the technicians gave an evasive answer to my question. Here's exactly what he said:

- If you put this device in your pocket, it'll show you a "3".

I believe that in this situation, technicians tried to cover up the presence of foreign substances in the hotel air.

Also, I requested that the technicians check the ventilation from the inside as poisonous gas was coming into the hotel during the evening, all night and morning. Apparently, some sort of poisonous gas reservoir was built into the ventilation. The technicians did not do this, they did not check anything.

I complained to the police and then to the Vienna Public Prosecutor's Office about the attempt to cover up the fact that foreign elements had been found in the air in the hotel.

I have also made a separate enquiry about the device used to analyse the air, namely: what brand was the device, was the device certified in Austria, what do the numbers "1" and "2" on the display of the device mean when analysing the air.

So far, I have not received a reply to either the complaints or the enquiry about the device.

14. Why other people do not complain of poisoning through ventilation?

One day I was walking in Vienna and looked in the window of a cafe. The cafe was cosy, with people sitting there, in pairs or in groups, talking quietly.

I found myself thinking that if I entered that cafe, in about 15 minutes there would be a poison gas attack through the ventilation. All these people would be affected. In my complaints to the Belgian authorities, I included photos of people who happened to be in the area of the poison gas attack. The photos show many children. This does not stop the criminals at all. The criminals are undoubtedly Nazis who deserve to be exterminated in accordance with the judgement of the Nuremberg Tribunal.

People in a cafe, a shop, a hotel have no suspicion, no idea that a gas attack through a ventilation system could happen today in Europe, declared by government propaganda to be the Area of the Rule of Law.

On several occasions I have alerted my hotel neighbours in Vienna to a strange odour in the shower room. They confirmed the presence of the gas odour. However, my behaviour would look strange if I started asking other people en masse about the smell of gas. The presence of poison would have to be detected by the police using special equipment.

In addition, the criminals in both Budapest and Vienna are more cautious than in Brussels. In Brussels, the criminals are not afraid of anything and use strong poison gas with a bright, noticeable odour. In Vienna, they use poison gas indoors, which is almost odourless. The presence of poison gas is then detected by the sense of smell and by the negative effect it has on people.

Random people spend anywhere from a few minutes to a few hours in the poisoning zone, so the health effects of the poison are usually not immediately apparent. As for me, the perpetrators have been exposing me to poison every day since 23 October 2023 to prevent my body from recovering from the poisoning. Let me be more specific:

Criminals try to attack me with poison every day and every night, this was the case from 23 October to 31 October 2023, then from 1 November to 30 November 2023, then from 1 December to 31 December 2023. The poisoning continued from 1 January 2024 until today. As I write this letter, I am in a poisoned hotel room.

In addition, when I am on the street, criminals sometimes send their agents to spray poisonous gas near me or in my path. In these cases, the gas used has a very strong smell, and simply inhaling it is enough to cause immediate damage to my health. This kind of poisoning is obviously intended to have a psychological effect on me, to show me that there is no safe place, not even in the street. I have filmed several of these agents spraying gas in the street (they seem to keep the gas cylinder either in their bag or in their pocket).

There is no doubt that the aim of the criminals is to ensure that I am no longer alive by the time the MOPAC decision is made in the Dawn Sturgess case.

The fact that I use some protective measures and try to be outdoors in the fresh air as much as possible has allowed me to avoid serious consequences so far.

15. Evidence of the Austrian authorities' co-operation with the Nazis

The inaction of the Austrian authorities with regard to the reproduction of Nazi activities is suspicious.

The following circumstances are absolutely unmistakable proof of the cooperation of the Austrian authorities with the criminals:

(a) Poison gas attacks occurred at two underground stations in Vienna.

In addition, poison gas attacks occurred at three railway stations: Wien Hauptbahnhof, Wien Westbahnhof and Graz Hauptbahnhof - in my statements to the police I gave the exact addresses of each location and the dates and exact time of the incidents.

Facilities such as subways and railway stations are heavily guarded in every country.

The life support systems of these facilities, including ventilation, can only be accessed with the permission of the local authorities. The criminals have easily installed their poison gas equipment in the ventilation systems of Vienna's subways and railway stations, and control the poisoning process by changing the attack zones depending on the location of the victim. This is only possible with the authorisation of the Austrian government.

(b) on 13 December and 26 December 2023, different police officers asked me the same question:

- Do you have a salty, metallic-like taste in your mouth?

I confirmed the constant presence of such a taste.

When the police officer first asked me this question, I thought that the police had dealt with similar poisoning cases before. I had hope that the police would conduct an objective investigation.

When the question was asked a second time, I asked in my turn:

- How do you know about the salty taste? And why are you asking about it?

The police officer did not give me an answer.

I believe that the police officers asked this question on instructions from their superiors, who are apparently connected to the criminals. The criminals need to know the results of the poisoning in order to perfect their attacks.

This is how the Vienna police became involved in illegal activities.

At the beginning of this letter, I mentioned the concern of the UN building security chief about how the perpetrators got into the building. The answer is obvious: the Austrian authorities gave the criminals free access to the UN building and effectively approved the gas attack.

The actions of the Austrian authorities, who collaborate with the criminals, should be defined as Nazi-style torture leading to death. In my opinion, as a political leader, the Nazi activities of the Austrian government must now be publicly condemned and will have serious consequences for Austria in the not-too-distant future.

16. Other methods of influence used by the EU secret services against undesirable persons

In order to suppress my activities, the secret services of the European Union have taken the following measures against me:

- In 2018, I was falsely accused of homophobia, precisely of causing insults and threats on my part. The police opened a case.

- A description of the attempt to organise a gas accident (explosion) in my apartment in Brussels a few days before my family arrived can be found at

justiceforall.eu/incidents. A video of the alleged killer can also be seen here. The Belgian prosecutor closed the case without explaining the reasons for this decision. This incident may be related to the gas explosion in Paris, which happened a few days after the killer visited my apartment. On 31 December 2018, one person was killed in Paris. In my opinion, the explosion in Paris is linked to an attempt to organise the same incident in my home. The perpetrators wanted to show that gas incidents do not only happen in Brussels, but also in other capitals.

In this way, they planned to make the murder in Brussels to look like an accident.

- On 20 October 2020, under the Freedom of Information Act, I submitted a request to the European Commission regarding the financial resources used to deal with the negative effects of COVID in EU countries. I received preliminary information about the misuse of these funds.

About three hours later, I was arrested by the police in the centre of Brussels. The reason for the arrest was an accusation that turned out to be false.

However, because of the nature of the accusation, the prosecutor decided to force me to take the Nixon test. That same night, between 3.30 and 5 a.m., I took the Nixon test with a psychiatrist at the Saint-Luc hospital in Brussels. Two police officers were waiting outside the door during the test.

I passed the test and no abnormalities were detected. I have a copy of Nixon's test results.

I think the secret services intended to “neutralise” me through psychiatry, or at least to intimidate me.

- In 2021, at least six women filed sexual harassment complaints against me. Only three of these women I actually met with in Brussels for a few minutes. All of the allegations were false.

The methods of EU intelligence services are not exhausted by the above list.

I would like to highlight the EU intelligence services' favourite method of suppressing the undesirable persons – poisoning.

Here are the years in which I reported poisonings to various authorities: 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and already in 2024. In each of these years there was more than one poisoning. I had to go to the emergency room at least 6 times, not counting visits to doctors in health centres.

EU intelligence services have a wide range of poisons that have different effects on the victim.

Different methods of poisoning are also used. Most often, the perpetrators secretly enter the victim's home and poison food. In my cases, olive oil, sugar, tea bags, bottled water, bread and other products have been poisoned. Liquid soap and laundry detergent for clothes have also been poisoned.

The perpetrators also apply poisons to surfaces that the victim comes into contact with. In my cases, my clothes, watch, paper documents, pillow, mattress and other items were poisoned.

I have also been served poisoned food or drink in cafes on several occasions. In such cases, someone from the cafe staff assisted the secret service agents.

Other methods of poisoning are also used by criminals.

In the vast majority of cases of poisoning, the Belgian police refused to accept my complaints and, in all cases, refused to accept evidence – poisoned items and foodstuffs. This attitude of the police is unlawful.

In the rare cases where complaints were accepted, the Belgian Crown Prosecutor closed the cases. Usually, the Prosecutor gave no explanation for his decisions, except in one case. In that case, the Prosecutor provided an outrageous explanation that clearly showed an intention to cover up the perpetrators.

17. Looking back and assessing the recent events that took place, the following conclusion can be made unequivocally and without doubt:

The proximity of the dates between my contacts with the UK authorities and the beginning of the campaigns of attacks against me (03 July and 05 July 2023, 20 October and 23 October 2023) indicate that these attacks were caused by my attempt to hand over evidence in the Dawn Sturgess case to the investigation. The attacks were initiated by the UK authorities themselves.

From 23 October 2023 onwards, the attacks are likely to be carried out by some EU intelligence service. It remains unclear why EU authorities are so actively assisting the UK authorities in order to block the transfer of evidence to investigation taking place outside the EU.

18. Death of Mrs Michèle Rivasi, Member of the European Parliament

On 29 November 2023, Mrs Michèle Rivasi, a Member of the European Parliament's Committee on Budgets, died suddenly of a heart attack on her way to work - in the European Parliament. Mrs Rivasi was preparing to make public a case of budgetary abuse by the EU executive.

I found out about it from the press in December of 2023, when I was in Austria.

I first shared my views on this event with members of the French Delegation to the European Parliament, to each of whom I sent an email. Some of them expressed their concern but, as far as I know, no action has been taken.

Then, on 23 January 2024, I contacted the police in Vienna. The police opened the case number **PAD/24/00168347**. I brought this to the attention of the police:

Between my poisoning and the “sudden incident” with Mrs Rivasi, there are the following similarities:

- in both cases, the incidents took place in Brussels,
- and both Mrs Rivasi and I tried to raise the issue of corruption in the EU authorities,
- and both cases involved cardiac crises.

Given these similarities, it is necessary to consider the version of Mrs Rivasi's death as premeditated murder. The following circumstances should be taken into account:

- In February 2020 I was poisoned twice with a poison that causes a heart crisis. On those days I felt fine, there were no health problems. In the middle of the day, when I was walking down the street in the centre of Brussels, I suddenly felt very ill because of a heart crisis. I threw my backpack on the ground and fell down. At that moment, everything around me stopped being important. It didn't matter that my laptop, which was in my backpack, might have been damaged, or that someone might have stolen the backpack with all the valuables inside.

The crisis lasted about a minute. After that I began to regain consciousness. The effects of the crisis lasted for a few hours. Then everything went back to normal.

A few days later, the situation repeated itself again.

Analysis of these two incidents led to the conclusion that the poison was in the coffee. In both cases, the time between coffee consumption and heart attack was the same, literally to the minute. I was able to survive these crises because of the good physical shape I was in at the time, which I constantly maintained. Any older person, like 70-year-old Mrs Rivasi, would not have been able to survive such a severe crisis.

- I also pointed out to the police that the criminals were repeating themselves, using the same poison on different occasions. Here's an example to prove it:

In January 2023 I was in Berlin in connection with the Public Prosecutor's office's handling of my complaint about fraudulent activities by German Members of the European Parliament. Here in the hotel my mattress and my pillow were poisoned with various poisons. I had encountered such poisons and this way of poisoning before in Brussels, so the incident did not come as a surprise to me. I called the Berlin police and case number **230114-1700-371479** was opened.

Such repetition of poisons could have occurred in the incidents involving me and Mrs Rivasi. Then, using the data from my incidents that occurred in February 2020, it is possible to establish at what time Mrs Rivasi was poisoned. This will make it possible to identify the location of the poisoning and the suspects who committed the murder.

- The following fact is also important:

In 2018 I was poisoned in Brussels by a method that was new at the time, an incredible method that I encountered for the first time. The poisoning was fatal, I felt very sick. I went to the ambulance. I had tests done and was told that I was perfectly healthy. However, the tests were falsified. Even today, after many years, I can prove the falsification. Now I just want to clarify that I myself observed how the doctor manipulated the results of the analyses on her computer, which were then printed out and given to me.

I got out of that situation safely because later the same day I accidentally identified the source of the poisoning. I eliminated the threat and my health began to recover.

This incident suggests that the pathologist's report in Mrs Rivasi's case should be interpreted with caution, as it could be falsified.

19. Restrictions on press freedom in the EU

In Brussels, a dozen journalists from Belgium, France, the United States and the Netherlands confided to me that the topic of corruption in the European Parliament was sensational, but the editor in chief would not allow the article to be published. I sent substantive information, translated by professional translators into Italian, Spanish, Danish, German, Greek, Swedish and other languages, to media organisations in the countries concerned. Nowhere would they publish the article. During my visit to Stockholm and Berlin, I personally visited several local newsrooms, but talking directly to local journalists had no effect on their hesitancy. The journalists expressed fears that if the article was published, the local secret service, "something like the FBI in the US", would come to them and ask questions about why they had published an article against the European Parliament (not questions about the source of the information or evidence of fraud at all).

I would like to mention the case of 2017, when Mr Jean-Claude Juncker, President of the European Commission, was addressing a plenary session of the European Parliament in Strasbourg, where the entire Parliament was supposed to be present. "You are ridiculous" – this phrase by Mr Juncker became the headline of newspaper publications, with this phrase Mr Juncker's statement can be found on the Internet. The problem was that there were about three dozen MEPs present at the meeting, a small number that displeased Mr Juncker.

However, if we look at the minutes of that meeting (available on the official website of the EP), we find that the number of MEPs present was 737. This difference between the figures in the minutes and what Mr Juncker saw in the hall should have been commented on by the European Parliament. However, not a single journalist in the EU had the courage to raise the issue.

On a personal note, according to the Rules of Procedure of the European Parliament, a MEP may or may not be penalised for absence from a plenary session by having part of his or her salary withheld.

As regards attendance at committees' meetings in Brussels, the difference between the number of MEPs present as stated in the minutes and what can be seen on the video recordings of the meetings posted on the EP's official website suggests fraud. Such activities are no longer "regulated" by the Rules of Procedure of the European Parliament, but by the Criminal Code.

In response to my complaints about press censorship to European regulators, I received replies along the following lines:

- If journalists themselves complain that their activities are being restricted, the regulators will intervene. Since there are no complaints from journalists, there is no problem. It is up to each editorial board to decide whether it is appropriate to publish certain information.

(Here it is appropriate to recall the above-mentioned fears of European journalists of a visit from the European FBI. A modern French saying also comes to mind:

"A journalist is either a prostitute or unemployed". The overall situation of press freedom in the EU is deeply regrettable).

I raise the issue of freedom of the press in relation to the need to inform the families of Mrs Rivasi and Ms Sturgess of new circumstances that may point to other causes of the victims' deaths. The families have a right to know this information and it is they who can demand a thorough investigation. There seems to be only one effective way of informing them – publication in the press.

My appeals to the United Nations

(1). Dear Sirs,

At the outset, let me call on You to conduct a thorough investigation into the gas poisoning incident that occurred at the UN Office in Vienna on 21 December 2023. Such an investigation would include a review of video footage to identify who had access to the building's ventilation system on that day, hours before the attack.

The perpetrators, who are most likely secret service agents, interfere with my emails and my phone, for example by deleting contact details from my phone or modifying the text of received SMS messages. There is no doubt that the perpetrators probably learnt about my plan to visit the UN office in Vienna from my internet browsing history and made preparations for the poison gas attack in advance.

(2). Please draw the attention of the Austrian authorities to the need to investigate such a serious Nazi-imitating crime as poisoning, including the poison gas attacks that took place in Vienna and Graz in December 2023 and January 2024. A simultaneous police raid on the sites of the poison gas attacks will make it possible to identify and seize the perpetrators' equipment and poison gas tanks. There are already more than 20 such sites in Vienna, and I have given their addresses in my complaints to the

police. Every time I visit such a place again, the gas attack through the ventilation starts after 2-5 minutes. This means that there is poison gas spraying equipment in such places, and this equipment is still there.

In addition, in several hotels the rooms were poisoned in advance, even before I checked in. The walls and furniture were sprayed with poison. Staying in such rooms is dangerous for all guests, both those who have been there since I left and those who have yet to check in. I have also included the addresses of these hotels and room numbers in my statements to the police.

The rooms need to be decontaminated.

I also ask You to support my requests to the Vienna Public Prosecutor's Office regarding the device and the meaning of the numbers that appeared on its display during an air analysis near the ventilation in the “7brunnen Hostel & Guest House” on 26 December 2023.

(3). I request Your assistance in the matter of informing the relatives of Mrs Rivasi and Ms Sturgess about the circumstances that may be relevant to their deaths. The credibility of the UN makes it easy both to draw journalists’ attention to this issue and to remove the barriers of fears that deter journalists.

(4). In view of the above circumstances, and in accordance with the principles of humanity, I ask You to provide me with a safe shelter in Vienna, where I can avoid being attacked by criminals. I'm not talking about a diplomatic mission, but about a place in an ordinary apartment that is at the disposal of someone from the UN staff under a rental contract. I am prepared to pay part of the rent.

I estimate that the minimum time required for my recovery is two weeks. I believe this will be enough time for the toxins in my system to be significantly reduced.

(5). In addition, I am asking for Your assistance in bringing the Dawn Sturgess investigation back into a legitimate, civilised framework. Here's what I mean:

The Metropolitan Police Service and Thames Valley Police, the investigating agencies referred to above, are core participants in Operation Verbasco. MOPAC is now considering my Request regarding the refusal to accept evidence by the lead investigator, the Metropolitan Police Service. There is little that can be done in this situation other than to await MOPAC's decision.

However, there is another party to the investigation – the Independent Inquiry into the Dawn Sturgess’ death. This body, acting independently of the police, makes its own assessment of the case. The Independent Inquiry has committed serious misconducts, such as deliberately delaying the investigation, which in turn has caused further unnecessary waste of budget. I have exhaustive information on this matter.

The issue of misconducts could be raised, sensitively and competently, by lawyers. I contacted several dozen lawyers in Britain, but none of them dared to take on the case, as they would have to refute the version of Dawn Sturgess' death widely propagated by the Government. I got the impression that British lawyers were afraid.

UN lawyers, or their colleagues specialising in English law or practising in the UK, could raise the issue of the malpractice with the UK Government. I would like to make it clear that there is no question whatsoever of taking civil action against the actual lawyers of the Independent Inquiry, but of raising the issue of the malpractice, including the investigative bias, with the relevant UK authority.

Let me emphasise an important point: in the current situation, the law firm (or lawyers) that raises the issue of malpractice by the Independent Inquiry is most likely to be the one that intercepts the contract with the Government to continue servicing the same Inquiry. In other words, the Government will re-sign the contract with this law firm.

Let me provide you with comparative data on the UK Government's spending on other Independent Inquiries:

- Inquiry into Child Sexual Abuse (IICSA) – £186.6 million,
- Covid Inquiry – £95 million.

Around half of these sums have been paid to lawyers.

There is little doubt that the cost of the Independent Inquiry into Dawn Sturgess' death will run into tens of millions of pounds, which would provide a record income for the lawyers who will raise the issue of wrongdoings. Not only would these lawyers be protecting the public interest in the Dawn Sturgess case, they would also be significantly rewarded.

A change of lawyers at the Dawn Sturgess Inquiry will be enough to change the whole situation. I will be able to immediately hand over the evidence to the new lawyers. My mission would be accomplished and the criminals would no longer have motive to pursue me.

(6). The present appeal addresses the uncontrolled and almost non-selective use of poisons (affecting random citizens) by the secret services in the European Union. This type of crime is covered up by the EU judicial authorities in every possible way, from refusing to accept complaints of poisoning to falsifying the results of the victim's health indicators.

The appeal mentions three names that can be attributed to poisoning victims: myself, with my extensive experience of being exposed to poison attacks, Mrs Rivasi and Ms Sturgess (the case of Ms Sturgess occurred before the end of the BREXIT process, so it is permissible to attribute it to EU jurisdiction). However, this list can be greatly extended. We already know quite a few cases of journalists and politicians who died

unexpectedly and who were unwanted by the authorities. The problem of the use of poisons is very serious.

The main thing is to stop adding new names to the list of victims, the names of those citizens who are still alive today.

If the UN finds it possible to speak out publicly on this issue, it will be an important contribution to solving the problem of European security. An urgent measure in this issue would be to call on the EU authorities to regain control over the activities of the secret services, and to make public the list of poisons used by the secret services, their chemical formulae, the effects that these poisons cause in the short and long term on the victims. Details of all operations over the last 20 years in which the EU secret services have used poisons should also be made public.

Dear Sirs,

I hope that the issue raised will be of some interest to the UN. I am prepared to provide more detailed information and documents at your request.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'ASL', is written over a horizontal line.

Andrei Sumar

Chair of "Justice for all in Europe" ASBL